



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

151. Proposed by F. P. MATZ, Sc. D., Ph. D., Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy in Defiance College, Defiance, O.

A merchant marked a lot of goods  $m\% = 20\%$ , above cost; but, in consequence of a rise in the market price, he marked up the goods  $n\% = 10\%$ , on the marked price. What per cent. was the last selling price of the goods? What would be his gain on sales amounting to  $\$S = \$5780.50$ ?

---

### ALGEBRA.

---

147. Proposed by W. J. GREENSTREET, M. A., Editor of The Mathematical Gazette, Stroud, Gloucestershire, England.

Prove that  $x = a^x$  has never more than two real roots, and find the condition for no real roots.

148- Proposed by R. D. BOHANNAN, Ph. D., Professor of Mathematics, Ohio State University, Columbus, O.

If  $\frac{x}{a+\alpha} + \frac{y}{b+\beta} + \frac{z}{c+\gamma} = 1$ ,  $\frac{x}{a+\beta} + \frac{y}{b+\alpha} + \frac{z}{c+\gamma} = 1$ ,  $\frac{x}{a+\gamma} + \frac{y}{b+\alpha} + \frac{z}{c+\beta} = 1$ , show, without solving, that  $x+y+z = a+\alpha+b+\beta+c+\gamma$ .

149. Proposed by JOSEPH V. COLLINS, Ph. D., Stevens Point, Wis.

1. How many different football elevens can be sent out from a school having twenty players? In how many ways can eleven men line up?

2. How many sets of officers (president, vice president, treasurer, and secretary) can a society of forty persons elect? How many committees of four persons, supposing no attention is paid to positions on the committees? How many committees in which the chairman is selected?

---

### GEOMETRY.

---

177. Proposed by GEORGE LILLEY, Ph. D., LL. D., University of Oregon, Eugene, Ore.

If two medians of a triangle intersect each other at right angles, the third median will be the hypotenuse of a right triangle, of which the other two will be the sides.

178. Proposed by JOHN M. ARNOLD, Crompton, R. I.

A cylinder thirty feet long and two feet in diameter is to be placed in a machinery car, the inside dimensions of which are eight feet wide and eight feet high. Find length of the shortest car that will contain it.

179. Proposed by ALFRED HUME, C. E., D. Sc., Professor of Mathematics, University of Mississippi, University, Miss.

Of all isosceles triangles inscribed in a circle, the equilateral is the maximum and has the maximum perimeter. Prove geometrically.